

## EDITORIAL COMMENTS.

It seems to be the settled policy of Great Britain to let others do the fighting as much as possible. She is politely waiting now with that magnificent new Kitchener army to let Russia whip Austria single handed.

We will have to see Senator Beckham do it before we will believe that he will combine with a Republican in a joint campaign against a plank in the Democratic platform upon which he was elected.

Antonio Africano, a condemned murderer in New York, adjudged insane, has been officially declared restored to reason and has been taken out of the asylum to be executed, under a new law.

In the Terre Haute election cases sentence will be passed on 27 men adjudged guilty and 89 who pleaded guilty next Monday. Those who pleaded guilty cannot take an appeal.

The receipts of the Willard-Johnson fight at Havana exceeded \$125,000. Johnson got \$30,000 to fight. Willard got a part of the receipts. The silver coins taken in filled several barrels.

The germ cranks say the only safe kiss is the one located on the kisser's cheek. Lovers, however, will adhere to the only way and let the two sets of lip germs fight it out.

Gov. McCreary will appoint two Dixie Highway commissioners. Now watch him appoint one for the western and the other for the eastern route.

Gifford Pinchot was refused entrance to Belgium by the Germans because his sister is the wife of an English nobleman.

### Is "Sallet" Obsolete?

The Hopkinsville Kentuckian, per its editor, Charles M. Meacham, objects to The Tennessean and American's calling it "sallet," observes that The Tennessean and American is too good a paper to adhere to anything that Webster says is obsolete, and that "sa'al" is too good to be labeled so that when you call for it the waiter will bring you a helmet of the fifteenth century.

We are deeply thankful for the kind words in that same contained. But we wish to say that we have never made any slightest reference to "sallet" and nothing else. Webster had nothing to do with it. We doubt if Samuel Johnson had anything to do with it. The word came across the English channel with William the Conqueror, we think, of Latin origin undoubtedly, and "sallet" flourished for some centuries on good English ground. Then it crossed to the American colonies. In an evil day, it suffered, and is no longer known in most parts of this land. But it grows still, with luxuriance undiminished, throughout Tennessee and Kentucky and some parts of ground adjacent. The waiter in this region who does not know what you want when you call for "sallet" would probably bring you aqua fortis when you call for water, and it is not worth while trying to make yourself intelligible to him.

But Brother Meacham knows what "sallet" is, and every reader of his paper knows. The Tennessean and American believes that any word good enough for the rank and file of the folks is good enough for it. It does not matter at all that Webster says it is obsolete. And if Brother Meacham persists in appealing to Webster we shall be forced to believe that Brother Meacham himself is obsolete—remembering that if he is obsolete we must be trending that way ourselves, for it has not been so many years ago that he would occupy more of the attention of the sweethearts of the Kentucky press than was pleased to us, what time we foregathered from the mountains and the blue grass and the bear grass and the pennyroyal and the purchase for our few days of frolic.—Tennessean.

## SHERIFF IS SUMMONED

By Gano Warder To Take Him In Charge For Killing Two Men.

CORPSES ARE NOT FOUND.

The Story Lacks Confirmation and Nothing Can Be Learned.

Gano Warder telephoned to the Sheriff from Gracely Tuesday that he was there and wanted to be arrested for killing two men. Although a train was due to come from Gracely in a little while, Sheriff Smith went out in his auto and brought Warder to town. He said while going from Dawson to Cerulean he was pursued by a band of night riders who caught him and tried him on a charge of being a traitor to the organization, based upon his connection with coal mine work in Hopkins county.

His story was that he was acquitted at this trial, but after being released was chased again by a part of the band. He says he outwitted them near Cerulean and took refuge under a negro cabin, but was discovered shortly before daybreak Tuesday morning and two men started under after him. He says he shot and killed both of them. Later he made his way to Gracely, where he lives, and when Sheriff Smith got to him he was ragged, muddy and unkempt as if he had been on a long and hard hike.

Over long distance telephone people at Cerulean denied that there was any night rider activity there and said no one was killed. They say Warder went under the negro cabin for some reason and fired two or three shots, but the only damage was to badly frighten the negroes above him. They say his story is a fabrication or the product of a crazed brain. An investigation will be had. Warder has not been confined.

### Juror Means' Prayer.

Judge Hanbery holds that a jury need not confine itself to the law and evidence, but may pray for "divine guidance" in its deliberations.—Owensboro Inquirer.

We fear that if Capt. Clark's hope of a reversal in the Court of Appeals rests upon this sort of plea, the higher tribunal will have to depart far from the bounds of reason in order to give him a new trial.—Elizabeth-town News.

Man's belief in a higher power is not a superstition. It is not even a matter of education. It is inborn. Every creature of intelligence believes that there is a Power that created and rules the universe, and that He will hear and answer petitions. We of the Christian faith believe that we have a Mediator in the person of Jesus, who came to earth, preached His marvelous gospel of love, died a felon's death, and then rose triumphant from the grave. Through Him, therefore, we ask for divine guidance and for forgiveness of sins.—B. G. Messenger.

Because the jurors in the Clark case at Hopkinsville opened their deliberations with prayer, attorneys for the defense made the divine supplication the target for an objection in presenting pleas for a new trial. It certainly strikes the average man as rather strange that counsel should protest the action of jurors in asking to be guided in deliberations which meant so much to the prisoner. One would think they would have been glad that the jury went about its work with such strong evidence of a desire to mete out only justice, if justice was the aim of the defense.—Paducah Sun.

### Experts Assigned.

Three expert road engineers have been assigned to Kentucky in response to a request by the Governor and Commissioner Terrell for aid in improving Kentucky highways.

## NEW OFFICERS INSTALLED

Elks Have Social Session Following Regular Lodge Meeting.

THEN ORATORY BROKE OUT.

Bob Cook Was Toastmaster and Some Good Things Were Pulled Off.

The new officers of Hopkinsville Lodge No. 545, B. P. O. E. were installed Tuesday night by Ben Kaufman, of Princeton, and following the lodge meeting a social session was held in the club rooms and 60 or 75 members of the lodge enjoyed themselves until near midnight.

Refreshments were served and there were several speeches made.

Bob Cook was toastmaster and Claude Clark, Tom Morrow, Tom Underwood, Joe Slaughter and the visiting brother, Ben Kaufman, were induced to make a few remarks.

The officers installed were: T. L. Morrow, Exalted Ruler; V. E. Barnes, E. Leading Knight; Joe Slaughter, E. Loyal Knight; Ira D. Smith, E. Lecturing Knight; B. S. Winfree, Esquire; J. L. Shrode, Innier Guard; E. J. Duncan, Tiler; T. C. Underwood, Sec.; Bailey Russell, Treas.; Rev. G. C. Abbott, Chap.

## ALIGHTED IN CEMETERY

Aeronaut Slightly Injured By Making Parachute Landing.

John Henry, the aeronaut with the Barkoot shows, in making an ascension Tuesday afternoon about 5 o'clock, landed in Riverside Cemetery. He descended in a parachute and in trying to avoid a tree struck a small tombstone in the extreme northeast corner of the old cemetery. Henry was considerably shaken up and scratched, but not seriously hurt. He sustained a gash on his forehead that bled freely. Hugh West, who was in the cemetery in an automobile, brought him into town and Dr. Perkins dressed the wound. Henry was able to go up as usual yesterday afternoon.

### Primary Talk.

Reasons for a before-the-primary platform continue to multiply according to well-posted Democrats who have the interest of the party at heart. Right on top of the announcement that Senator J. C. W. Beckham and Judge C. E. O'Rear will jointly whoop 'em up for the State-wide prohibition under the auspices of the Anti-Saloon League, comes Dr. H. H. Cherry, one of the Democratic candidates for Governor, in his opening speech at Mayfield, declaring not only against State-wide, but opposition to the submission of a "dry" amendment to the Constitution. With such a muddled condition of affairs, Democrats are loudly clamoring for a declaration by the party as to where it stands before selecting a ticket and they are getting mighty "sore" on the would-be "bosses" who are standing in the way of their wishes along this line. The rank and file of the party know there is a "nigger in the woodpile" and they are determined to "smoke him out."—Louisville Times.

### Freak Pig.

W. R. Stephenson, a farmer and stock raiser of Brown county, Ohio, had a real freak on his farm last week. It was a pig with six legs and two bodies. It had one head, two fore-feet and in addition to its regular body about half way between head and tail a second body extended out. This additional body was perfectly shaped and had two hind feet. One body was male and one female. The freak lived only a short time after birth.

## FISCAL COURT FIXES LEVY

Hearing Given on Tuberculosis Sanatorium Matter But Nothing Done.

MUCH ROUTINE BUSINESS.

Court Wound Up Its Business and Adjourned Yesterday Afternoon.

The Fiscal court met Tuesday and continued in session throughout yesterday.

The principal business Tuesday was an audience given to the County Tuberculosis Commission, who appeared to ask that an appropriation be made to put into effect the order made at the election of 1913. Mr. Jos. Severance was the spokesman for the commission and a number of others interested were also present.

No action was taken on the proposition.

Regular routine business was taken up and occupied the day.

Yesterday the main matter considered was fixing the county levy.

The following is the levy made:

Roads & bridges.....	23.5c
General fund.....	11.
1901 Turnpike S. F.....	4.3
1907 " " " " " " " "	5.6
1910 " " " " " " " "	1.6
Railroad " " " " " " " "	3.5
Tuberculosis Sanatorium.....	5
A total of 50 cents on the \$100.	

A levy of 20 cents on the \$100 was made on property liable for common school taxes. The poll tax is \$1.50 for general fund, \$1.00 road tax on all male citizens liable to work the roads and \$1.00 on those liable for school taxes.

County Attorney Ira D. Smith, J. M. Morris, and L. J. Harris were appointed a committee to negotiate a loan of \$10,000.

## ECHO OF THE CLARK CASE

Juror Harned Has Two Young Men Arrested Last Monday.

W. H. Boyd, a son of John Boyd, former sheriff, and W. F. Barron, the two young men who made affidavit that Edgar Harned, a juror in the Clark case, had expressed an opinion that disqualified him as a juror, were arrested Monday afternoon on a warrant charging them with false swearing, which was sworn out by Mr. Harned before Judge Knight. They gave bond for \$250, which was signed by young Boyd's father.

### Queer Case.

Howard Blair, a young railroad man of Earlington, has been adjudged insane upon his own motion and sent to the Western Kentucky Hospital. He said that at times his identity seemed to undergo a change, and he was afraid of himself. Blair attributes his condition to the excessive use of tobacco.

### A Family Wedding.

A double wedding took place near Cloverport Easter Sunday. Miss Bettie Allen and Harvey Robinson and Miss Gertie Allen and Nathan Robinson were married. The girls are twins.

### A Dead Hero.

At Falmouth, Va., W. M. Snellings perished in a fire that destroyed his home after he had saved his wife and child by putting them out of a window.

### Name In Place.

The new name of the Metcalfe building, "Chickasaw," was carved in big letters on the stone tablet eight feet long on the front of the building yesterday.

## CHICAGO GOES REPUBLICAN

William Hale Thompson Defeats Robert Sweitzer After Exciting Race.

COUNCIL ALSO REPUBLICAN

G. O. P. Makes Clean Sweep With Women Voting About as Men.

Chicago, April 7.—William Hale Thompson, republican, was elected mayor of Chicago yesterday by 130,000 plurality over Robert M. Sweitzer, democrat.

The other city officers were won by republicans by about 75,000 plurality and the city council is republican for the first time in several years.

Women's votes were divided between the candidates in about the same proportion as the men's.

Throughout the campaign the Thompson managers based many of their arguments to the voters on the assertion that business and labor conditions throughout the country presaged a republican victory.

About 85 per cent of the three-quarters of a million votes registered were cast. According to the election officials this set a record.

## THE ANNUAL GRANGE SALE

Good Outlook For a Fine Sale And Has Ideal Spring Weather.

On Friday, April 9th, the annual sale will be held at Church Hill, Ky., seven miles from Hopkinsville. The prospects are for a better lot of stock being offered than for several years previous, and nearly twice as many on hand. With good weather conditions there should not be anything to prevent the sale being a success and many buyers will be on hand, some perhaps from a distance. There will be several head of pure bred Jersey cattle on hand. There are many herds of registered jerseys in Christian county and some near Church Hill, and any one desiring this breed of cattle will find some on hand at this sale.

The sale will be conducted on a straightforward business line and nothing else will be permitted. Besides cattle of both beef and dairy types, there will be some thoroughbred hogs of both Duroc and Poland China herds offered. Any one desiring stock of this sort would be likely to find his needs. Also a few Southdown breeding sheep will be at this sale.

The usual dinner will be spread and all hope for a bright spring day. Altogether the indications are for the most successful sale in years. The stock committee has been successful in securing the services of Col. H. L. Igleheart, of Elizabethtown, to make the sale.

### Dixie Highway.

Selection of the route of the projected Dixie Highway from Chicago to Miami, Fla., was left to a commission of fourteen men by the conference of Governors and road advocates which met at Chattanooga to launch the movement. Two commissioners each are to be appointed from Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Tennessee, Kentucky, Georgia, and Florida, the States through which the road will extend.

### Ed. Comes Back.

Ed C. Radford returned to Hopkinsville to live Tuesday. He stayed in Caldwell county only three days after the county voted down a good roads' bond issue.

The United States produces more copper than all the rest of the world together.

## OUTCOME OF RUSSIAN DRIVE

Offensive Taken by French Between Meuse and Moselle, However.

ENGLAND AGAIN SHOWS UP.

Two More Ships Are Sent to the Bottom in Channel by Submarines.

London, April 7.—Although the French are conducting a sustained offensive between the Meuse and the Moselle in an effort to dislodge the Germans from St. Mihiel, the southernmost point of their line, the allied armies as a whole appear to be awaiting the outcome of Russia's gigantic plan to force the Carpathian barrier.

Germany is believed to be pouring troops into Hungary, even to the extent of weakening her forces in Flanders, and Vienna tonight notes the presence and recounts the success of German and Austrian troops in the Laboreza valley.

There is less talk in England of the spring advance in France and Belgium, and an increasing appreciation of the task Russia is attempting. This leads to a belief in some quarters that the allies in the west, reckoning on the heavy cost incident to smashing the German lines there, perhaps may seek only to hold their ground, in the belief that the Russians will invade Hungary, ultimately to join hands with the allied forces.

Thus, what their opponents regard as the weakest of the Teutonic allies Austria-Hungary, would be invaded without the loss of life that an attempt to drive the Germans from France and Belgium would entail.

Meanwhile, it is argued, the bombardment of the Dardanelles will be continued at the shortest, if most costly method of crushing Turkey. Reports that Smyrna again has been bombarded lack official confirmation and the absence of news from the Dardanelles is taken by some to mean that important operations are under way.

British forces, in occupying Warmbad, German Southwest Africa, have taken what is considered the southern capital and the terminus of the railway system.

Excluding active military operations, the questions of munitions and alcohol dominate the public mind in Great Britain.

What the government proposes to do with the liquor problem probably will not be disclosed until parliament reassembles April 14, but the idea of general prohibition is not seriously entertained. The authorities seem to hope that the desired results will be obtained by voluntary abstinence, coupled with restrictions on saloons.

Bulgaria and Serbia have exchanged notes which, on the surface, appear to end the recent border incidents, but official Serbian circles in London insist that the latest outbreak was engineered from Bulgaria and that Austrians, as well as Turks, were found among the dead raiders.

The British steamer Northlands was sunk by a submarine off Beachy Head Monday. The crew of 24 escaped. The trawler Agantha was sunk off Longstone. The crew of 13 escaped under fire after taking to the boats.

### McNamara-Hanahan.

Clarksville, Tenn., April 7.—Mr. and Mrs. John Hanahan announce the engagement and approaching marriage of their daughter, Miss Margaret Alice, to Joseph Bernard McNamara of Memphis. The wedding will take place April 27.

### Greenbrier Reported Lost.

The American steamer Greenbrier, the first vessel to leave the United States with a cargo of cotton after war had been declared, is reported lost in the North Sea. The crew was landed at Wyk.











# MORE BUGGIES AND BETTER BUGGIES

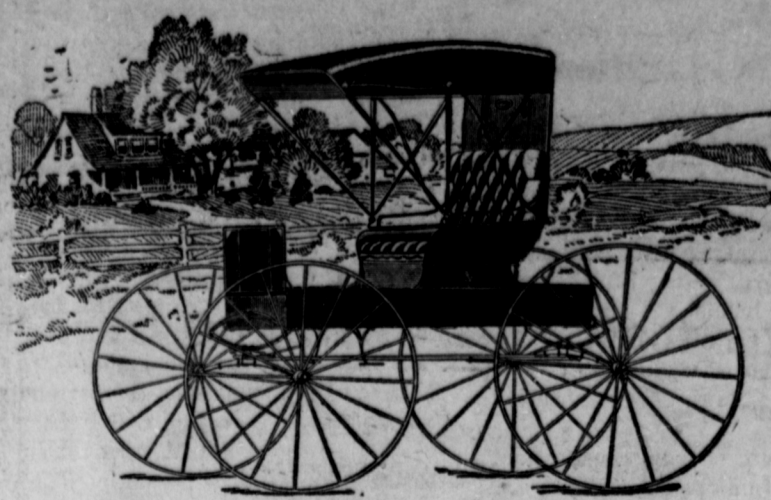


THEY ARE STYLISH.

## It's a Show to See Them

## You Are Invited to Visit Our Buggy Department

## Here You Will Find Buggies That Are Built To Wear.



THEY ARE BEAUTIES.

About two hundred for you to select from. They are good under the paint. We guarantee the BUGGIES we sell and our prices are most attractive.

# FORBES MANUFACTURING COMPANY

INCORPORATED.

## ONE MILLION PEOPLE

—IN THE—  
SUNDAY SCHOOLS OF KENTUCKY

### APRIL 25, 1915

There is a Sunday School near you. It is the best place in the world to spend an hour. But don't take our word for it. Try it for yourself.

KENTUCKY SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION

PRESS COMMITTEE—Harry A. Sommers, J. C. Alcock, Dan M. Bowmar, T. C. Underwood.

### Hard on Lawyers.

The controller of the treasury announces that the war department is ready to pay the omnibus claims allowed, of which \$150,000 comes to Kentucky and Tennessee, and that lawyers need not be retained to collect the money. He said not more than 20 per cent will be allowed to claim agents, even where contracts for more have been made.

### Daily Thought.

Times of general calamity and confusion have ever been productive of the greatest minds.—Colton.

### Father Shoots Son.

John Williams, 50 years old, shot and it is believed, mortally wounded his son, Ed Williams, 19 years old, at Bardstown. The death of the youth is expected at any moment and his recovery will be hardly less than a miracle according to the doctors. The father was arrested.

Requires Time to Mature.  
Until the pearl oyster is six or seven years of age it does not produce any pearls.

New York City spends \$4,000,000 a day for food.

## Annual Grange Sale AT CHURCH HILL GRANGE STOCK YARD

Friday, April 9, 9:30 O'clock

ABOUT 250 HEAD OF CATTLE GO TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER.

### TERMS:

800 lb. Cattle and over, 35c each, to Grangers. Under 800 lb. Cattle 25c each, to Grangers. 800 lb. Cattle and over, 40c each, to Outsiders. Under 800 lb. Cattle 30c each, to Outsiders.

Pens furnished free to all those desiring to sell stock. Anyone desiring to sell cattle can do so by paying entrance fee and complying with following terms: No bybidding allowed, no cattle to be offered at public auction after being sold privately.

COL. H. L. IGLEHART, of Elizabethtown, Ky., will make the sale

For further information communicate with

**W. S. PIERCE,**  
CHAIRMAN STOCK COMMITTEE.

### OCCUPANTS OF BUGGY

Thrown Out and One Painfully Injured.

Mrs. Eunice Nixon was thrown from a buggy at Carl a day or two ago and painfully injured about the head. Her husband, who was driving, escaped injury. Their horse became frightened at a loaded wagon and started to run. The vehicle was overturned, but not seriously damaged.

### PROTECTS HOSE.

Nailing the twin lawn sprinkler to the center of a piece of board one inch in thickness by eight inches square will prevent the force of the water from turning it over, which it persists in doing. The hose may be easily removed, leaving the sprayer attached to the board with no further trouble. When using the long nozzle for a very fine spray, turn off part of the water's force at the spigot and your hose will last much longer, as the inclosed entire force bursts the hose.

### HIGH COST OF LIVING.

"Doesn't it really seem that it gets more and more difficult to make a living?"

"Well, at any rate, it does to live on what one makes."

### PARADOXICAL INFECTION.

"I think it very queer the water on my place made you folks sick."

"Why so?"

"Because it is well water."

### A BETTER WAY.

The Officer—Can't you get down flatter than that?

The Fat Private—No, sir, unless I stand up, sir.—London Sketch.

### REGULAR OUTING, IN FACT.

"Is the cashier in?"

"No, he's out."

"I'm a depositor."

"Then you're out, too."

### STRANGE OF IT.

"The old proverb says that truth lies at the bottom of a well."

"I shouldn't think truth would lie anywhere."

### Satisfying One's Conscience.

Never pass by or palter with the clear voice of conscience, with the plain command of duty; never let it be doubtful to your own soul whether you belong to the right side or wrong, whether you are a true soldier or a false traitor. Never deliberate about what is clearly wrong, and try to persuade yourself that it is not.—Friedrich Temple.

### Ham Sacks.

Ham sacks for sale at this office.

### HOLLY ROLLERS.

New Religious Sect Holding Meeting in Henderson County.

Rev. C. E. Townsend, of Evansville, is conducting a revival of Holy Rollers at Baskett, Ky., assisted by several workers.

The services have drawn large crowds from the start, many going more through curiosity than for the purpose of being benefited. Usually the minister after finishing his sermon gives an invitation for those who want to lead a better life to come forward for prayer. At some of the services the people rush to the altar in droves. Some claim sanctification, and then some claim baptism of the Holy Ghost. Men and women have been known to lie on the floor as if dead for hours at a time. This is done with a view of putting themselves in an attitude to receive either salvation, sanctification or baptism of the Holy Ghost. Often when the spell is broken the roof is nearly lifted from the building by their shouts for joy.

"Holy Rollers" is the name of a religious sect or denomination which only recently became known in that section of the country. In some respects they are similar to the sanctificationists, believing in the second blessing or sinless perfection. In immersion for baptism they are like the Baptists and Christians and in their shouting they resemble the old time shouting Methodists. In that part of the country they have no house of worship and they hold their services in other churches, school houses or anywhere they can secure a suitable place, oftentimes in summer under the trees.

### Wily Chinese.

A friend of mine, says a correspondent of the London Chronicle, has just returned from a remote part of China, where he has been laying a railway. He tells me the big difficulty was the graves of Chinamen, over which, of course, no railway is supposed to run. At the outset it looked as if his line, in avoiding these, would become "straighter than a corkscrew, but not so straight as a rainbow." Then he conceived the notion of buying up graves that lay on the coming line of route. The wily Chinese were equal to him, for they dug up the bones of their ancestors and planted them ahead, right in the line of advance. My friend fears that often he paid three times for the same old bones; but ultimately he completed the railway, which now runs in a fairly straight line, except for the first mile or two.

### Elephant as Beast of Burden.

An average elephant, in point of strength, can do the work of half a dozen horses.

### Belgian Sugar Production.

Belgium produces an average of 240,000 tons of raw sugar per year.

Do Not Ask Us About

## SUPREME COW FEED

now. Ask your neighbor or any Dairyman near Hopkinsville, they know.

## THE ACME MILLS

INCORPORATED

### His "Sea Serpent."

A member of the Big Stove club of Bath, Me., told the following experience with a sea serpent. He was at the wheel of his little fishing schooner in Long Island sound when he heard a swishing sound behind his vessel. Peering behind he could just make out the long, sinuous body of a sea serpent with an enormous head and a pair of flashing eyes. The serpent, however, kept his distance. The next morning the sailor found that a rope from the schooner had become entangled in a lobster trap and had towed it up the sound.

### Marry the Mature Man.

The girl who marries a man older than herself is often happier than the crepe hangers foretell. She has the advantage of all those years during which he has gained in understanding, mental balance and experience. An older man is settled in his actions; he is not likely to change. He expects less of a woman than a younger man, because he is not so idealistic. He has ceased to look upon woman as on a pedestal, and he sees her with her feet upon the ground. And after all, the human attitude is best.—Exchange.

### The Ruling Thought.

"Can any child here give me a reason why closer relations between Jews and Gentiles should be encouraged?" So asked a settlement teacher of the embryo class in social science, with the members of which she hoped to work wonders. "Please, ma'am, it would be better for business!" volunteered a little Jewish girl in the front row.

Gold coast colony is the premier cocoa producer of the world.

### Complementary Colors.

Recent experiments, the results of which have been placed before the Academy of Sciences in Paris, appear to demonstrate that the true complementary colors of the spectrum have not hitherto been recognized. Red was formerly considered to be the complement of green, yellow of violet, and blue of orange. But according to Mr. Rosenstiel, the complementaries of red and orange are neither green nor blue, but greenish-blue tints, and the complement of yellow is blue and not violet, which is the complement of green. Mr. Rosenstiel has accordingly formed a new "chromatic circle" for the use of artists, which he believes is more correct than its predecessors.—Youth's Companion.

We have a few good Second Hand Corn Planters for sale. F. A. YOST Co., Incorporated.

### Those Kansas Girls.

An anti-kissing bill is before the Kansas Legislature. Any one who has traveled through Kansas will understand that in no State in the Union should it be easier to enforce such a law.

### Law Held Up.

The enforcement of the 2-cent passenger rate in Arkansas was enjoined by Judge Trieber in the United States court.

Chicago church leaders are backing a "Dry Chicago" movement.

## Bothered by Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Head or Chest Colds?

Try the "Vap-O-Rub" Treatment—Relieves by Inhalation and Absorption. No Stomach Dosing.

No need to disturb your stomach with internal medicines for these troubles. Vick's "Vap-O-Rub" Salve, combines by a special process—Menthol, Thymol, Eucalyptol, Camphor and Pine Tar, so that when applied to the heat of the body, these ingredients are released in the form of vapors. These soothing, medicated vapors are in-

haled all night long through the air passages to the lungs, loosening the phlegm, soothing the inflamed membrane, and aiding the body cells to drive out the invading germs.

In addition, Vick's is absorbed through the pores, reducing the inflammation and taking out that tightness and soreness, 25c, 50c, or \$1.00. At all druggists.

The Genuine has  
**VAPORUB**  
this Trade Mark

**VICK'S Croup and SALVE**



# THE Sanitary Grocery

Handles High-Class Goods  
AT LOWEST PRICES.

Fresh Stock and Reliable Brands.

Everything In The Grocery Line.

Try Our Coupon System That Enables  
You to Keep an Accurate Record of  
Your Purchases.

COME TO SEE US  
—AND—  
YOU'LL BE PLEASED

The Pate-Davis Grocery Co.

## Bruner to Run for Governor.

That there will be another aspirant in the field for the Republican nomination for Governor can be taken as an accepted fact, as it is known that Dr. Ben L. Bruner, of Louisville, will formally "shy his castor in the ring" within the next week or so. While the announced candidates have been spending their energy in "scoring up," "Doc" has been making some quiet incursions into different sections of the State feeling the public pulse, and it is said he believes the "sign is right" for him. His supporters say Dr. Bruner is especially strong with the business and conservative element in his party.—Louisville Times.

**DR. BEAZLEY**  
Specialist  
(Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.)

## Fertilizer Contract.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Tren'on Farmers' club, a deal was closed for 200 tons or more of acid phosphate fertilizer with a Nashville, Tenn., firm, at \$13.00 per ton. Todd county will use 1,000 tons of the product.

## Champion Smart Girl.

Winifred Sackville Stoner, Jr., of Pittsburg, twelve years of age, teacher of Latin, French, higher mathematics and geography, who reads seventeen languages and speaks eight fluently, can beat almost any one she plays with at chess, swims almost as well as Annette Kellerman and intends to be a cowboy and an editor when she grows up.

## "And the Bird Is on the Wing."

It is one of the provoking, but interesting, things about life that it will never stop a moment for admiration. No sooner do you pause to enjoy it, or philosophize over it, or poetize about it, than it is up and away and the next time you glance around, it is vanishing over the hill—with the wind in its garments and the sun in its hair. If you do not go on with life, it will go on without you. The only safe way, then, to follow a story, I mean a story in real life, is to get right into it yourself. How breathless, then, it becomes, how you long for—and yet fear—the next chapter, how you love the heroine and hate the villain, and never, for an instant, can you tell how it is all coming out!—From "Hemphill," by David Grayson, in the American Magazine.

**VICK'S Croup and Pneumonia SALVE**  
FOR ALL COLD TROUBLES

## COUPON SALE

# CLARK'S!

Cut This Out, It Is Worth Money to You.

COFFEE—25 pounds Roasted Rio, extra good for \$3.25  
50 pound Sack Roasted Rio, extra good for \$6.00

MEAT—100 pounds Butt meat for \$8.00  
Smoked Sides, with this coupon—\$12.00 hundred

POTATOES—Early Rose Potatoes, with this coupon for .98c bushel  
Burbank Seed, extra fine, with coupon 98c bushel

LARD—50 pound Tin Pure Hog Lard, with coupon for \$5.95

Big Stock of all kinds Eatables, Vegetables, Fruits.  
Fish of all kinds received daily. We want your business. Come to see us.

Sign your name and address, mail check or come yourself.

NAME

ADDRESS

# C. R. Clark & Co.

INCORPORATED.

Wholesale and Retail Grocers.

## OFFICIAL NOTICE

White People of Garrettsburg  
and Beverly Districts Ask  
For Consolidated School.

The patrons of the Beverly and Garrettsburg local districts have petitioned the County Board of Education to consolidate their districts and build one large centralized school. This scheme would abandon the Beverly and Garrettsburg schools. Further more, the present Beverly district is so large that unless the schools are consolidated, the County Board of Education would be compelled to re-district and build two houses in the above mentioned district, therefore, the centralized school would take the place of the three one-room schools.

The County Board of Education has agreed to build a handsome, modern four-room school house about 1/4 mile north of Howell on the Palmyra road, provided the patrons in the district are willing to vote an additional tax in the district for the purpose of transporting the pupils by means of wagon to and from the said school.

A committee representing the district appeared before the County Board of Education at the last meeting and asked that the Board call an election and ask a vote on a 20c tax for the purpose of transporting the children and for the purpose of lengthening the school term from a six months to eight or nine months as the patrons may desire.

The County Board of Education, in compliance with this request has posted in the above mentioned districts the following notices of election and boundary of the present districts.

## NOTICE!

Notice is hereby given by the Christian County Board of Education that an election will be held on the 16th of April, 1915, from 6 a. m. to 4 p. m., at a polling place on the west side of the Palmyra road about 1/4 mile from Howell, Ky., at the northeast corner of a field belonging to T. F. Clardy, for the purpose of determining whether the white voters in what is now known as the Beverly and Garrettsburg Common School Districts, which has been consolidated by the County Board of Education, are in favor of levying a tax of 20 per cent. on each \$100 worth of property owned by white people for the expense of the consolidation of said districts and for the purpose of transporting the school children to and from the school house to be located in the said consolidated district.

J. C. JOHNSON,  
Secy. County Board of Education.  
SUPT. L. E. POSTER,  
Chr. County Board of Education.

## BOUNDARY OF

Educational Division No. 6, Sub  
District No. 4, Garrettsburg School.

Beginning at the old Keatts place on the State line; thence to said line to old Poindexter place; thence to J. J. C. McKnight, including; thence to W. A. Lloyd place, including; thence to Lockett Quarles place, including; thence to John Seay, including; thence to Duster Eastern; thence up to the road leading from Bell Station to Howell to Palmyra road; thence up Howell and Herndon road to Ed Fleming, including; thence to John Bell, including; thence to Clarence Young, including; thence to G. W. King, including; thence to Geo. Boddie, including; thence to John Hancock, including; thence to the beginning.

## BOUNDARY OF

Educational Division No. 6,  
Sub District No. 2, Beverly School.

Beginning at the South line of C. R. Adams' farm on Little river; thence to the Striped Bridge; thence to Joseph Pace, excluding; thence to the old Ben Coleman place, excluding; thence a straight line to the Herndon and Howell road to John Gregory, including; thence to W. W. Radford, including; thence with the Bell Station road to Mr. James Clardy, including; thence a straight line to Locust Grove Church; thence with the Mesonville road to R. Y. Cuyce, including; thence with the Mesonville road to the Palmyra road to C. R. Adams, southeast corner; thence to the beginning.

## Sprains, Bruises Stiff Muscles

Sloan's Liniment will save hours of suffering. For bruise or sprain it gives instant relief. It arrests inflammation and thus prevents more serious troubles developing. No need to rub it in—it acts at once, instantly relieving the pain, however severe it may be.

## Here's Proof

Charles Johnson, P. O. Box 105, Lawton's Station, N. Y., writes: "I sprained my ankle and dislocated my left hip by falling out of a third story window six months ago. I went on crutches for four months, then I started to use some of your Liniment, according to your directions, and I must say that it is helping me wonderfully. I threw my crutches away. Only used two bottles of your Liniment and now I am walking quite well with one cane. I never will be without Sloan's Liniment."

All Dealers, 25c.

Send four cents in stamps for a TRIAL BOTTLE

Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Inc.  
Dept. B. Philadelphia, Pa.

# SLOAN'S LINIMENT

Kills  
Pain



## BONAPARTE AS A CENSOR

French Emperor Suppressed Almanach  
de Gotha, Which Mentioned  
Deposed Princes.

The German Almanach de Gotha published two editions in 1808, and the first of these, which was suppressed by order of Napoleon, is now worth considerably more than its weight in gold. The suppression, says the Pall Mall Gazette, took place because the editor had included in the section devoted to reigning sovereigns a number of German princes deposed by the French emperor. From that year until 1814 the proofs had to be submitted to the French authorities before publication.

The revised edition of 1808 contains a curious collection of portraits. Napoleon figures on the frontispiece with the inscription:

Il a reçu pour nous quand de ciel le  
forma  
Le bras de Romulus et l'esprit de Numa.

The subjects of the other portraits are Murat, then grand duke of Berg ("l'Allemande le voit avec plaisir au nombre de ses souverains"), Nelson and Pitt. Concerning the last two the editor writes: "Time and death have extinguished the feelings of enmity they once inspired."

## Holidays in America.

The question of whether or not there are too few distinctively American holidays may be debatable, but there is a distinctly American holiday in February—Washington's birthday—and February is the shortest month in the year. Moreover it is only a few weeks distant from the universal holidays of Christmas and New Year's, while Christmas is separated by barely a month from Thanksgiving. Nobody can say too much in honor of Lincoln; but Lincoln was born on the 12th of February, a month pre-empted for the father of his country, so far as holidays are concerned. Lincoln was a thorough American, and no doubt if the proposition of a second holiday in February had been put before him for consideration he would have rejected it without hesitation, on the purely practical ground that one holiday in February is enough.—Exchange.

## NEW COMPANY LOCATES IN HOPKINSVILLE

Fourteen-Tooth Harrow and Eureka "Mule Hoe" have formed a partnership with headquarters at Hopkinsville. We understand they come well recommended and expect to do a big business among the farmers of Christian county this year. They have recently closed up a very busy season in the far South. They are specialists in their line, which is prescribing for corn and tobacco.

## Indemnity Demand.

Upon behalf of the owners of the American ship William P. Frye, sunk by the Prince Eitel Friedrich, the United States has asked Germany to pay an indemnity of \$228,059.

## Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. The first application gives ease and rest. 50c.

# FERTILIZERS

FOR

# CORN and TOBACCO

Altho Potash is scarce, we can supply a limited quantity of high per cent. Potash goods. If you want a complete Fertilizer we are prepared to furnish it in most any analysis. We Sell

Morris & Co.'s Big Brands

as well as several others.

PRICES THE LOWEST.

ANALYSES THE HIGHEST.

# F. A. Yost Co.

Incorporated.

## This Means You.

The public is warned that the following section from the city ordinances will be rigidly enforced.

"Any person who shall commit any trespass upon the grounds of Riverside cemetery, or who shall unlawfully and wilfully deface, pencil, or otherwise defile or injure the same, or any monument, tomb, gravestone, tree, shrub, flower or plant therein, shall be fined not less than ten nor more than one hundred dollars for each offense."

The cemetery rules also prohibit fast driving or tramping upon the grass.

R. D. REEDER,

Supt. Riverside Cemetery.

## Ink Which Bleaches.

As the carbon of ordinary printing inks does not bleach in using printed material for new paper, a French firm has patented a special ink. The black pigment is a compound from tanbark extracts acting on ferrous sulphate; and this is incorporated with resin, or mineral oil and resin, or boiled linseed oil. In repulping the paper the ink is bleached with an acid solution of a hypochloride, chlorine gas or hydrochloric or oxalic acid, the pulp being made perfectly white.

## Optimistic Thought.

We are only vulnerable through our own pretensions.

**Children Cry  
FOR FLETCHER'S  
CASTORIA**

## What Porters Get.

The general manager of the Pullman Company, testifying before the United States Commission on Industrial Relations in Chicago, said that his company paid sleeping car porters \$27.50 a month and that they were able to get all the men they needed at that price.

## A TEXAS WONDER



THE Texas Wonder cures kidney and bladder troubles, dissolves gravel, cures diabetes, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1. One small bottle is two months' treatment and seldom fails to perfect a cure. Send for testimonials from this and other States. Dr. E. W. Hall, 2226 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo. Sold by druggists.—Adv.

## Byars Trial.

The trial of Thomas S. Byars, State Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, charged with misappropriation of public funds, has been set for April 21 in the Frank Circuit Court.

## More Quakes.

Severe earth shocks at Avezzano, Italy, have alarmed the people, but have done but little damage to property because the quake of January 13 left but little to be destroyed.



From \$40 to \$60 of our profits—is what every retail buyer of a Ford will get, if we sell and deliver 300,000 new Fords between August 1, 1914, and August 1, 1915.

And the Ford is surely the most useful motor car made, as it fits into the demands of all lines of human life. Is low in price and costs less than two cents a mile to operate and maintain.

Buyers will share in profits if we sell at retail 300,000 new Ford cars between August, 1914, and August, 1915.

Runabout, \$440; Touring Car, \$490; Town Car, \$690; Coupelet, \$750; Sedan, \$975, f. o. b. Detroit with all equipment.

On display and sale at  
**IDEAL MOTOR COMPANY**  
(Incorporated)



# DR. CHERRY'S VIEWS ON THE STATE ISSUES

Would Enforce Temperance Legislation, But Opposes State-Wide Issue.

PUBLIC SERVICE EFFICIENCY  
WITHOUT INCREASED TAXES

Text of Speech Made by Democratic Candidate for Governor at Mayfield on Saturday.

Mayfield, Ky., April 3.—Dr. Henry Hardin Cherry, since its organization, the head of the Western Kentucky State Normal School until the 1st of March, when he resigned to enter the race for the Democratic nomination for governor of Kentucky, subject to the state primary to be held in Kentucky on Aug. 7, spoke to an immense audience at the mammoth courthouse here this afternoon. This is the largest county in western Kentucky, and has a large Democratic majority. Dr. Cherry was in fine voice and his speech was listened to with interest.

His remarks in full follow:

My Countrymen:  
I am deeply grateful to you for your presence upon this occasion. I feel keenly the responsibility of speaking to this great audience. I want to say those things that will bring the great people together rather than divide them into warring factions; and those things that will fire their patriotism and build up the standards of living in the commonwealth. I am here to appeal to the higher motives of men, not to their passions and prejudices. If I can avoid it, I shall not engage in controversy with a single individual during this campaign. I do not believe that the great people of Kentucky are going to permit common demagogism to elect the governor of Kentucky. We have already had too much bitter politics in Kentucky and not enough sincerity, business and statesmanship. Political campaigns are too frequently slaughter houses, where the needs of the people are butchered in the interest of votes, offices and graft. Every public issue should be presented to the people in such a way as to illuminate the question, inform the people and build up their ideals. Every question should be decided upon its merits.

The hope of our country is in a people who read, think and serve; who preserve the right to take the moral and political initiative for themselves and who challenge the right of any man or organization to do their thinking and voting for them. When God opened space and threw millions of worlds into it, he made no two alike. When he swung into existence a young Kentucky, he made no two of its human beings the same. In fact, he made us different and gave us different missions to perform in order that we might have a great state. It has been ordained by nature that there shall be serious and independent thought and a multiplicity of ideas in order to secure the highest development of justice and progress in society. After all there is no music in a democracy so sweet as the singing of a spinning wheel as it passes through the spiritual universe; no chorus like the rattle of spiritual artillery; no solo that equals the boom of a moral getting gun; no fleet so strong and stately as a fleet of white ideas sailing the sea of life. The citizen who preserves his individuality, who hears and obeys the voice of an educated conscience and grows and goes behind a conscientious life is a patriot who fights the battles of the flag and marches at the head of the army of progress, whether he believes in the county unit law, statewide prohibition or some other thing. The people must investigate every question for themselves and seek to be governed by right and justice rather than by an appeal to the passions and prejudices.

I believe in party loyalty and in the principles enunciated by the Democratic party. No man who knows me doubts my devotion to the Democratic party, which was organized and is now being promoted in the interest of justice and human rights. In order for us to be loyal to this great organization, which has done so much in lifting burdens from the shoulders of the people, it is necessary for us to admit the wrongs that exist and to know the needs of the toiling and suffering masses; and with fire in our hearts and steel in our nerves, set ourselves to work correcting the wrongs and providing for the needs. We must put public service above public jobs, the people above the political machine, and the Democratic party above the boss. The noble Democratic party will die in the hands of a coterie of politicians whose eyes are bloodshot with poison, political dope. There are men who talk about their loyalty to the Democratic party, but who at the same time are intoxicated with a desire to secure a public office which they intend to use as a foothold in the game of depraved politics. I do not know of any reason for the existence of the Democratic party in Kentucky except for the advancement of the moral, intellectual and industrial life of the state. It must carry the message of help and inspiration to the woman in the home, to the farmer in the field, to the laboring man in the factory and to all others pursuing honorable human endeavors.

Free From All Entanglements.  
In submitting my candidacy to the people of Kentucky for the Demo-

cratic nomination for governor, I promise that if I am elected I shall be free from all entanglements, and not an appointee or slave of any faction, organization or machine. I would rather live an honest life in a humble home yonder in the woods on the hillside than to live in the governor's mansion yonder in Frankfort and be a victim of depraved politics. I would rather be free and be defeated than be a slave and be elected. If I am elected I shall, upon entering office, be free as mountain air—free to fight for the rights of the people and free to take the executive initiative in the work of transacting public business.

Born in humble surroundings among the sand hills of Kentucky, trained in every hardship known in the experience of a poor boy, and having earnestly worked for twenty-three years with the great common people for the education of their boys and girls, and never turning down a request for assistance that I could grant, I feel that I have a vision of the needs of the toiling masses, and that I am prepared to give every human being a just deal. Not only have my own life and my contact with the masses enabled me to know the needs of the people, but the responsible position which I have held as the head of a great institution for the past twenty-three years has given me a wide experience in the executive field, and a knowledge of those problems that enter into the making of a greater Kentucky. Every plank in the platform upon which I am making this race is a patriotic call for greater moral, intellectual and industrial state.

The greater Kentucky is in the people. It is the greater spirit. It is a vision of a larger life and a purpose on the part of every citizen to accomplish it. It is a depth, a breadth, a fullness and fineness of human thought and character. It gives every citizen, whether he lives in the country or in the city, on the hill or in the valley, in the hut or in the mansion, a chance to live and grow and an opportunity to be happy and prosperous. It emphasizes the importance of every human being because he is the fundamental unit of the state and the source of the currents of spiritual and industrial thrift. Democracy never intended that a single human being should be neglected by society.

The people do not need material help so much as they need visualization of life in every honorable human endeavor. They do not need more money in the bank so much as they need more good books and literature in the home. They do not need to work harder with the hands so much as they need to read, plan and think more. The state can not force the citizen to accept the more abundant life, but it can knock at the door of every home and offer every human being a chance to have more life and more of the material blessings of this world. It can not put food in all the hungry mouths, but it can, through a constructive policy, illuminate human lives and endeavors, light up the dark hovels and show the people how they may have more wholesome food. It can not increase the yield of the farm, but it can offer such information and agricultural instruction as will enable the farmer to increase the yield. It can not restore life to the loved ones who have died from preventable diseases, but it can teach others how they can avoid dying from the same cause. It can not force the citizen who is having a hard time and who has not succeeded to be a success in his chosen work, but it can put a lamp in his hand that will light up the way to success.

A wise statesmanship recognizes that fundamental reform in every state begins in the houses occupied by our own souls. If you would have a greater Kentucky:

"Go make thy garden fair,  
Thou workest not alone;  
For he whose plot is next to thine,  
Will note and mend his own."

We will never have the greater Kentucky until every citizen leaves his neighbor alone for awhile and goes to work on himself and gives to his country one great life and one noble endeavor; until a father's leadership and devotion, a mother's love and service and Christian ideals and parental authority prevail in every home; until the members of every church practice the religion they teach, in and out of the church, and in private and public life; until teachers and pupils of every school make the school a community life where industrial progress and moral and intellectual individualities flourish; until all the people get away from the rule of selfishness and bigotry, from hatred and envy and in the spirit of unity of cooperation work together for a greater Kentucky.

Our civic, social and industrial problems will be solved when we vitalize every inch of Kentucky life, soil and business and every public office with the right kind of brains and conscience. I sometimes fear we are trying to win a battle at Valley Forge without a Washington, trying to write a Declaration of Independence without a Jefferson, trying to light up Kentucky without having a light in our own souls. The greatest thing in human endeavor is a human being, and the greatest thing in a state is a great citizen. The citizen is the spiritual dynamo that turns the wheels of progress and determines the conduct of the state. Nothing has ever been accomplished by human hands in the outward world that did not begin in some human being. That bridge in southern Kentucky was burned before the blaze was witnessed by the physical eye; that restaurant in western Kentucky was blown up before the dynamite was placed under the building; that citizen in central Kentucky was whipped before he was taken from his home; that mountaineer in eastern Kentucky was shot before the report of the gun was heard by the physical ear; that ballot was mutilated and the election debauched before the voter entered the booth. I am trying to say that the commonwealth's house will be in bad order until the soul's house is put in good order by Christian education. Our troubles will vanish when intellect, vitalized by the spirit of honor and service, rules in our land, and when every person feels the responsibility of citizenship and is given an opportunity to live a prosperous and happy life. We can not dream the greater state into existence; it must be achieved through in-

ward and silent individual effort and through the influence of the home, the church, the school, the library and every outward democratic agency of life that approaches the individual, awakens the soul, stimulates self-discipline and prompts human efficiency.

Most of our troubles of all kinds are inherent in the individual. We may look the world over for an easy way to build up a great state. We may employ mechanical means and artificial methods of reform; we may make laws and appeal to the law to find, in the end, that a great state is in the people; that it is a spiritual life, an aggregate human thought that must grow from within. It grows because it has the contagion of good citizenship; because it is itself a great lesson in progressive life; because its public officials, its public sentiment, its vision, its ideals, its patriotism, its laws and its citizens are moral, patriotic and just. It grows because it is a living, growing organism, nourished by a spiritual atmosphere, a spiritual soil, a spiritual sunshine and a spiritual shower. We can not force the growth of a great state or a legislature. Human growth will cease when the people rely upon the government for happiness and prosperity. I fully value the importance of safeguarding the intellectual, moral and industrial life of the people through the enactment of law. I am not minimizing in the least the importance of needed legislation, but I am rather emphasizing that any endeavor to improve life that is not founded upon individual character will result in failure and do harm. At any rate, it is possible for us to emphasize the outward at the cost of the inward, the statute at the cost of the citizen. I believe that the need for the making of a few vital laws and for the strict enforcement of the laws already made is greater than the need for the making of many new laws. We are not in need of more laws so much as we are in need of more men who are straight, decent and fearless and men who do right without having a law flashed in their faces.

No democracy can last without invisible government; without the silent rule of human lives. Noble and expanding visions and ideals that rule in the citadel of the soul can not be fully expressed in written laws and political platforms; neither can they be effectively transmitted to the lives of the people through laws made by partisan legislatures; and yet they are the invisible things that largely make and govern every great state. There is no greater work that can be done in Kentucky than the crystallizing of human ideals and noble desires that are frequently silent and inactive into a positive public sentiment that will proclaim to the world that Kentucky is a land of optimism, magnetic progress and opportunity, unfit for dead men and knockers and suitable only for live men and boosters. We shall never have the greater state until we develop a public sentiment that will be a fire under the feet of every reactionary in the state, a public sentiment that will brand, banish and disgrace any citizen who would corrupt a great state; a public sentiment that will insure clean elections and the rule of the people. The chief executive of the state enjoys many opportunities to take the lead in the development of public opinion, and if I am elected governor I shall use every proper influence within my power to develop and maintain high standards of private and public conduct through the development of an active and sane public sentiment.

There is an invisible government that is the greatest foe to a free democracy. It is the secret control of the spiritual and industrial properties of the people. It is a government by machine manipulators who pool the people's vote and sell public offices to the highest bidder. It is government by the representatives of great corporations and other special interests who put burdens upon the people and muddy the fountains of justice by using corrupt methods of securing legislation offered in the interest of the few and preventing legislation offered in the interest of the many. This form of control will destroy the self-reliance of the people, put burdens upon their lives and make them slaves of the unscrupulous and autocratic boss. I believe in the rule of the people; in civic righteousness, in social and industrial justice, and if I am elected governor, I shall use every influence within my power to have a corrupt practice act passed that will destroy the influence of the corrupt lobby and keep the offices and the government under the control of the people.

Favors Railroad Regulation.

In developing a greater Kentucky there is no agency that plays a more important part than the railroads of our state. They are the great arteries of commerce that make possible markets for our vast resources. They add greatly to the civilization and education of a country and are entitled to every encouragement possible and to a fair return on their investment. It is, however, too often the tendency of public service corporations to use the great corporate powers they have to impose unjust burdens on the people; and to prevent this, I would favor proper and adequate regulation of all public service corporations to the extent that the people may not be burdened by exorbitant and unjust rates and regulations. As section 197 of the state constitution, which the governor and all other state officials swear to support, makes it unlawful "under heavy penalty" for common carriers to give free transportation to state officials and members of the general assembly, and for such officials to accept same, I would, if elected governor, recommend to the general assembly that a law be enacted to put into effect this section of the constitution. The issuing of passes by railroads to members of the legislature and other state officials is fundamentally wrong, and I do not doubt that this practice has defeated much legislation offered in the interest of the people. The legislator and the state official who accepts a free pass over a railroad is likely to be influenced by his act when called upon to decide some question when the interest of the railroad is involved.

No Increase in Taxes.

The most vital question that must come before the next state administration

tion is the one that concerns the reorganization of the finances of the state on a sound business basis. It is doubtful whether there is a private business in Kentucky that could continue six months if it were organized and conducted like the business of Kentucky. Our state is an enormous business enterprise that receives and spends more than \$7,000,000 annually. This money comes from the taxpayers, and they have a right to demand that every dollar paid by them for the maintenance of the government render a dollar's worth of patriotic service, and that every person elected or appointed to a government position render honest labor and do a full day's work. The people have never objected and never will object to paying for good service and good government, provided they get good service and good government. If I am elected governor, my first message to the general assembly will deal largely with the business conditions of the state and will recommend that the state's financial system be reorganized, waste and extravagance be eliminated and the taxpayer protected, and an equitable, just and progressive system of taxation and business established. I am going to use every power I have to have the debt of the state paid off and her business put in shape so she can meet her obligations when they fall due. I shall work for a more efficient administration of the affairs of the state, and shall stand for the right kind of economy in all public matters. I am unalterably opposed to any increase in the tax rate to believe with the proper business management we can solve our fiscal problems without any increase in the tax rate. I shall use my influence in having a law passed that will call from its hiding place intangible property, that is largely owned by the rich and is escaping taxation, and force it to bear its part of the expense of maintaining the government. Many, many other wrongs exist and will continue to exist until the business of the state is reorganized. If I am elected governor I shall recommend that no appropriations be made except in cases of emergencies, until the present financial condition of the state is corrected and it is in a position to pay her appropriations when they fall due. I shall recommend abolishing every useless office, and the right kind of economy in every department of the government.

When I was a child I used a minnow hook, a thread and a worm and fished in a hole of water about two feet deep that was under the roots of a sycamore tree that stood by the bank of a creek. A person may fish in this hole of water all his life and he will never catch anything but minnows, because only minnows inhabit it. If he does not go to the larger waters he will never know the difference that comes from the feeble tug of a minnow and the thrilling pull of a five pound bass. I fear sometimes that Kentucky has fished too much in minnow holes instead of putting out boldly upon the great sea of life and feeling the spiritual and industrial swells that come from a larger statesmanship. We have sometimes dabbled in the shoals when we should have been out upon the great blue deep. We have played secret and petty politics in secret and dark places in the interest of the few, when we should have been working for the many and transacting the business of the commonwealth. We have been satisfied with inadequate educational advantages for our children when we should have demanded the best. We have in many instances robbed the soil of its fertility, destroyed the timber and polluted the streams instead of conserving them. We have too often neglected our agricultural interests, and as a result many hobbins and small crops grow where big ears and large crops should grow. We have been satisfied with muddy roads and willing to pay the enormous mud tax when we should have had good roads. We have shipped our coal into other states to run their machinery, when we should have been using it for home industries. We have been shipping raw material into other commonwealths to be made into finished articles, to be shipped back to us and sold at an enormous profit, when we should have been making these finished articles ourselves and shipping them into other states. In fact, we have done too much fishing in minnow holes and have not had enough of the thrill, pleasure and profit that comes from a larger effort.

Nature has made Kentucky a goodly land, lavished upon her gifts with a prodigal hand, bestowed within her borders natural resources which make her land sanguine in promise and productivity, mighty in industrial opportunity and imperial in the majesty of her soil. Her area is almost as large as England. She is one-fifth as large as the German empire and four times as large as Belgium. If her population were as dense as Belgium, there would be within our area 25,000,000; or as dense as Germany, there would be 12,000,000; or if as thickly settled as England, 26,000,000 souls. She has a great agricultural area, marvelous coal fields, much iron ore, valuable oil and gas reservoirs, inexhaustible supplies of limestone, clay and cement material, and within her area 4,000 miles of navigable rivers, upon whose waves the transportation craft of an empire might find its way into the world's market.

Indeed, Kentucky is a land of optimism. The golden gates of opportunity swing wide open. It is a land of milk and honey, but we shall never get the milk until we have men who can do the milking, and we shall never get the honey until we have men who are willing to make it. Our unworked and undeveloped industrial and agricultural fields are calling for men; for men of brains, brawn and character, who are willing to make a trial at leadership. While we solicit and cordially welcome the energy and money of other states to join us in the development of our resources, we at the same time should not forget that the responsibility of ownership falls heavily upon us, and that our children are entitled to their share of the wealth of our fields, hills and mountains and to as good an opportunity to become leaders as the children of any other state. Vast fields of Kentucky's inexhaustible wealth that are worth millions of dollars and that la-

herently belong to the Kentucky child have been purchased for a song by foreign capital and will be left to the child of other states. There are Kentucky boys of the finest human stock who are in need of the comforts of life and who are today working in great coal mines that were formerly owned by their fathers. We must invite foreign capital and give it an opportunity to work in our state, but it is more important for us to get rid of so much bitter and selfish politics, get down to business and wake somebody up in Kentucky.

Pledges Aid to the Farmers.

Universal progress begins and ends with the soil. We must love and intelligently cultivate the farm if we would succeed in building up a greater Kentucky. Improved agriculture is a fundamental proposition and one of monumental importance to every citizen of the state. About 75 per cent of the people of Kentucky are engaged in agriculture. The development of our state depends largely upon the success of the farmer—the most important citizen of the land. We have a gigantic inheritance and opportunity. We have the climate, the sunshine, the soil and the people, but the leading farmers and agricultural experts of the state tell us that we are not producing more than one-half of what we should produce and that the yield can be doubled on the same acreage, with but little additional labor. After all the permanent producing capacity of the soil—the basis of all prosperity—depends finally upon the intelligence of the farmer who cultivates it. I believe in every sane and democratic effort in the interest of rural uplift and in a state policy that will aid in building up the rural schools, in constructing good roads, in disseminating agricultural information among the masses, in co-operating with the United States government in its endeavors to improve agriculture, in increasing the productive capacity of the people and in prompting them to develop community organizations that will aid the people of rural Kentucky in establishing markets and in getting good prices for the products of their labor. With a little effort we can double the earning capacity of our people, and when we do this we will have more money for the necessities of life, for the comforts of the home, for the building of roads, churches, and for private and public improvements of all kinds. I heard the lamented Seaman A. Knapp, the great rural uplift chairman and worker, say that if he could instruct each farmer in Kentucky for twenty minutes in the simple fundamentals of corn culture, and if they would faithfully do what he asked them to, he could increase the annual corn yield five bushels per acre. This would increase the annual corn yield in the state 18,000,000 bushels, and at 75 cents per bushel the increase would be worth \$12,600,000, enough to pay the deficit in the treasury of Kentucky about five or six times, enough to build a \$1,400 school building in every rural school district in Kentucky, and enough, if transmuted into private and public improvements and into human efficiency, to solve many of the vital problems of life and to meet many of the industrial needs of our state. This twenty minutes is one of Kentucky's opportunities which will be lost to the state unless saved through the agricultural education of its people. If I am elected governor I am going to do every thing within my power to promote the agricultural interests of the state and to assist the farmers in working out their complex problems.

Good Roads Enthusiast.

I welcome with enthusiasm the good roads awakening that is now sweeping the state. It is impossible to estimate its meaning to the moral, industrial development of Kentucky. I have always been an earnest advocate of good roads, and if I am elected governor I shall have a special interest in doing all I can to promote the building of good roads in every section of the state. I also favor the abolition of the present convict labor system, and the reorganization of the penitentiaries and asylums along modern and economic and humanitarian lines.

The greater Kentucky can not be brought into existence by some magic process. It can not be set up and nailed together like a house. It must grow. If we would maintain a full grown Kentucky, we must attain unto a full grown citizenship, and if we would attain unto a full grown citizenship, we must attain unto a full grown school system, developed to the highest degree of civic, social and industrial efficiency. The work of developing schools that inspire leadership, schools that are human nurseries where sound ideas grow and individualities flourish, is fundamental reform and the hope of a democracy.

When our brave forefathers founded this government upon human expression they embodied the thought of the public school in the organism of the republic. The Declaration of Independence contemplates universal education. It makes the public school system and other character-making forces a necessity and an implied part of its organism. The Declaration of Independence is by nature the greatest educational program that has ever been enacted by a body of people. Its own life and perpetuity depends upon universal intelligence and righteousness. The world of mind is the field in which the school system works. The system exists for no other purpose except to make patriotic citizens and capable workers in the home, on the farm, in the shop, in the factory, in the professions and elsewhere. The work of making men, of transmitting dollars into life, into government, into ideals, into freedom, of giving them wings and making them messengers of peace, is the greatest work delegated to the hands of men. This makes its work universal, establishing a common ground upon which all can unite in the interest of efficiency. The school system belongs to the people. It inherits patriotic unity. We stand for it for the same reason we stand solidly for the flag when it has been dishonored by a foreign foe. I know of no patriotism, of no reform that is higher than an organized effort that declares its allegiance to the child who is to become the future Kentucky.

Our noble boys and girls stand by our side armed with ability and nerve,

ready to accomplish the greater Kentucky if we will give them the opportunity. I greet Kentucky and recognize her patriotic call for education and more abundant education; ideas and more noble ideas; more government by the schoolhouse and less government by the military camp; more and better schools and fewer jails and penitentiaries; more scholars and fewer criminals; more freemen and fewer slaves; more life and still more life.

We cherish the public school because it is the friend of the boys and girls. It belongs to democracy. It is every man's friend, and above all, it is the poor man's friend. It knocks at the door of the poor and at the door of the rich. It knocked at the door of my humble home when I was a boy, and gave me and eight brothers a glimpse of a new world and an opportunity to learn to read, write and cipher a little. I cherish it because it gave me something that was worth more than gold or silver, and because it is going to give every child who takes advantage of it something that is more valuable than rubies.

The development of our rural school is about its most important rural problem. About 75 per cent of the children of the state live in the rural sections and most of them are deprived of the educational advantages enjoyed by the children of the city. The development of our state depends more than anything else upon the training of the rural children, most of whom will become tillers of the soil and the makers of homes—the basis of all wealth and progress.

I believe in the development of the material resources of Kentucky, in a magnetic and sane progress that will stimulate effort and efficiency in every honorable human endeavor and add new wealth to our personal holdings and put red blood in the arteries of commerce. But I would make the motive that prompts the effort a moral enthusiasm that will stamp every dollar with integrity and give it a conscience; that will transmute it into ideals and into better homes, better churches, better schools, better roads and all other things that make life joyous and happy. It would be better for us to live and die in a log hut and experience biting poverty, and preserve our integrity, our chivalry and our human sympathy, than to die rich in a mansion and become a commercialized, money loving, selfish people. Neither one is right. The remedy is in a proper use of our inalienable life and property privileges. The state has no higher function to perform than to instruct her people concerning the inherent relation that exists between property and life and between the school and the industrial development of the state. I believe in a state policy that will ring the moral, intellectual and industrial "rising bell" in the lives of all the people.

On the 8th day of January, in announcing my candidacy through the press of the state for the nomination for governor, I made the following statement in reference to the temperance question:

Oppose Statewide.  
"I believe in temperance, in law and order and in the enforcement of law. I have always worked with the temperance people and have never cast a vote for the open saloon. I stand for the present county unit law and for making it effective. If I am elected governor and the general assembly should pass a bill repealing the county unit law, or a bill that would render it less efficient, I would veto it. Under the present county unit law, which in its present form has been in operation less than one year, every saloon in Kentucky can be closed and the temperance sentiment promoted. My interest in temperance and in the development of a greater Kentucky causes me to look with deep concern upon any effort to abandon, at this time, the county unit law for statewide prohibition. We should give the county unit law a fair trial before going further. I believe that a wise statesmanship demands that the approaching administration devote its time to the work of interpreting the principles enunciated in this platform into a greater Kentucky; to wiping out the state deficit and to organizing her different institutions and endeavors upon an economic and business basis. We must do something that will assist the people in having more of the comforts of life and more to eat and to wear. This conclusion has become to me a deep conviction. In taking this position, I do not ask any citizen to surrender his views on temperance."

Believing it to be the duty of every Democrat to stand on the platform enunciated at our last platform convention, until the Democrats of the state in convention assembled make a new declaration of principles, and prompted by an earnest desire to do the thing that would be to the best interest of both the party and the great state, I made the above declaration. I submitted the temperance plank, before making my announcement to a large number of temperance workers, including many leaders, and asked them to criticize it freely. With but two or three exceptions it was enthusiastically endorsed. There can be no doubt about there being thousands and thousands of as noble temperance workers as can be found in Kentucky who believe we should give the county unit law a fair trial before going further. They believe, as I do, that the good faith of the people and of the Democratic party are pledged to the county unit law and its complete enforcement; that the time of the next administration should be used in loyally supporting it and in doing much other vital work that must be done and done immediately in order to relieve the state of its present financial embarrassment. There are many things that can be accomplished by the next administration other than the submission of the statewide prohibition amendment that will have a far-reaching influence on the moral life of the people. Every effort is being made at this time by certain persons to force the wet and dry issue, and make it overshadow all other questions. This is not a wet and dry fight, and any attempt to make it one is a piece of monumental demagoguery. Statewide prohibition, if honestly considered, is simply a question of judgment as to whether



or no; it is better to retain the county as the unit or try to change the constitution and make the state the unit in which to enforce prohibition; and believing that the county unit at this time can be made more effective than the state unit, I am glad to be able to conscientiously stand on our present Democratic platform. One hundred and six counties are now dry, by the sovereign votes of their people. Statewide prohibition can not make this county or any of the 106 any drier than your votes and your splendid public sentiment have already made them. I have stood shoulder to shoulder with the temperance people of my county, under our county unit law, in obtaining prohibition conditions and eradicating the saloon from our midst. You have done the same thing in your good county. Every county in the state can do the same whenever their public sentiment demands it and not before, whether under a county unit or a statewide law. The governor has nothing to do with the submission of the statewide amendment. It becomes a law without his signature. He can not even veto it.

The state constitution took from the governor the power to veto an act submitting a constitutional amendment, and put the entire power in the hands of the general assembly. I am at a loss to know where those advocating statewide prohibition get the information that the people want to vote on it at this time. I have heard no such clamor from the public myself, but am rather of the opinion that an effort is being made to force this issue on the people, whether they want it or not, and if such is the case, the effort can be prompted only by some other motive than a patriotic one. It seems strange that any one, having the success of the Democratic party at heart, would attempt to force such an issue on the people at this election, when all the state officers (who have nothing to do with the question) are to be elected, instead of deferring it until some future election when only the members of the general assembly are to be elected, and thus avoid a disruption in the party and its possible defeat in November.

I believe that a wise statesmanship demands that we, at this time, seek to enlarge the dry territory through the operation of the county unit law and through the development of a strong public sentiment, rather than to attempt to put all of the counties under statewide prohibition, regardless of their local sentiment and public opinion. The noblest law known in the experience of man will die in the hands of a people who will not execute it. It will be a civic tragedy that will destroy respect for law and lower the ideals of the people. Law has never and will never rise above public opinion. Good government demands that law follow public opinion and not be forced to travel ahead of it only to be assassinated by its enemies who have protested against it. Our government demands that the citadel of public opinion—the home of law—be established in the hearts of the people before the law is forced upon them. I do not know of anything that injures the morals of the

people and lowers the standards of living more than a homeless law that is forced upon a governing unit without its consent and over the protest of a majority of the people who live in the unit. Is it wise for us at this time to force statewide prohibition upon counties we know will not enforce prohibition? What do we hope to gain by sending the temperance cause into territories where we know that a majority of the people are against it, and will take advantage of it to discredit the temperance movement?

There are many other phases of the question that I could discuss, but time forbids at this meeting. I shall take them up, however, from time to time through my campaign.

Finally and summarily, I stand for a greater Kentucky, a land of happy homes where moral, intellectual, religious, social and industrial ideals flourish and flowers bloom; a land dotted with schools taught by consecrated teachers, crowned with our noble boys and girls preparing for spiritual and intellectual enjoyment and for service in the occupation they are to pursue; a land of Christian ideals, with good roads leading from neighbor to neighbor and from everywhere to the school, the church and the market; a land where every inch of soil is fertilized with constructive thought, with human brains and conscience, yielding an abundant harvest to be transmitted into life; a land of industrial standards made in the image of justice; a land of work, worth and service determining the real value of a man; a land where demagoguery and political trickery and incompetency have been banished and the fundamentals of real progress established; a land where every citizen carries the ballot in his conscience when he enters the voting booth; a land where public opinion forces the right and leaves little room for a land of brothers, fellowship, good will, Christian liberty and individuality; a land of lofty ideals, of love, of charity; a land where the spiritual prevails over the material and the intellectual is vitalized with conscience; a land where moral and intellectual initiative is encouraged and individuality is enthroned; a land where honor rules and democracy is crowned.

We cherish the name of our great president, whose constructive brain and Christian heart are leading the Democracy of this country into new fields of service and is making it the agency of a more abundant life and a real worker for the toiling masses. Behind the present national administration, which has accomplished more constructive legislation in the interest of the people than any other for forty years, stands the patriot life of President Woodrow Wilson—the Thomas Jefferson of the twentieth century. All of us should be true to the principles of the Democratic party and work hard to avoid any mistakes that would endanger the success of the party in Kentucky, for our organized and unbroken influence is needed in solving the vital problems of our state and in continuing at the head of the national Democracy America's greatest citizen.

If I am elected governor, I shall try to prove to the people that I appreciate their confidence by working hard and then working some more; and by doing all within my power to make Kentucky, if it is not now, the best place on earth in which to live.

I shall gratefully appreciate your positive support. If I am nominated, I shall carry the Democratic banner to victory in November. I thank you for your presence on this occasion.

### Might Not Be Alive.

McMinnville, Tenn. — Mrs. Ocie Jett, of this place, writes: "I don't believe I would be living today, if it hadn't been for Cardui. I lay in bed 27 days, and the doctor came every day, but he did me no good. Finally he advised an operation, but I would not consent, and instead took Cardui. Now I am going about the house, doing my work, and even do my washing. Cardui worked wonders in my case, I am in better health than for five years." Cardui is a strengthening tonic for women, it relieves pain, tones up the nerves, builds strength. Try it. At your druggist's. Advertisement.

### Preferred Locals

FOR SALE—A good family horse and pheasant. EUGENE WOOD. Advertisement.

Frost-Proof Cabbage Plants at Metcalfe's Greenhouse. Advertisement.

See J. H. Dagg for contracting building and general repair work of all kinds. Phone 476. Advertisement.

Good Morning! Have you seen The Courier? Evansville's best paper. Advertisement.

Church Hill Mineral Water delivered Tuesday and Saturday of each week. Phone 633-1. Advertisement.

Three fine suites of office rooms finished to suit renter, as nice as any in the city. Light and airy, with hot water heat.—T. L. METCALFE, Florist.—Advertisement.

### LUMBER!

Some No. 1 lumber for sale. Call W. W. Radford, Howell, Ky.—Adv.

### Barred Rock Eggs.

A few settings of high class Barred Plymouth Rock eggs for sale at \$1.50 for 15. Standard Poultry Co. Phones 94 or 449.

### For Sale

Four H. P. Gasoline tank cooled International engine, in good condition, at a very low price. May be seen at PLANTERS HDW. CO. Incorporated. Advertisement.

### Claim Notice.

All persons holding claims against the estate of the late G. E. Dawson will file same, properly proven, with me on or before April 23, 1915, and all persons knowing themselves indebted to same will come forward and settle with me at once, thereby saving cost.

E. C. STEVENSON, Admr. Advertisement.

Invigorating to the Pale and Sickly The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVES' TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out Malaria, enriches the blood, and builds up the system. A true Tonic. For adults and children, 50c.

### TELEPHONE 20

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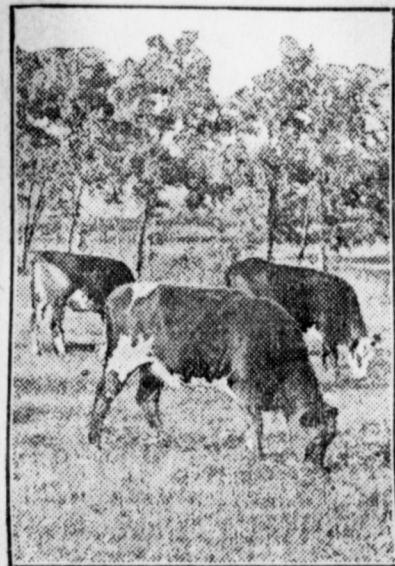
COOK'S DRUG STORE VICTROLAS AND RECORDS 9th and Main Streets.

## FARM STOCK

### CHEAPEST FEED FOR WINTER

Hay, Straw and Fodder Cut and Mixed With Bran, Crushed Corn and Cob-meal is Relished by Stock.

Cutting or grinding hay, straw and fodder add nothing to their nutritive value. But with proper arrangements it is more convenient to feed, and when mixed with wheat bran and crushed corn and cobmeal, horses, cows and sheep will eat cut fodder and wheat straw as greedily as the best of hay. Where there is an abundance of fodder and straw this is a very economical method of wintering stock—the hay may be sold and the money used for buying the bran and oil meal. One bushel of fine-cut fodder—say about eight pounds—and one quart of corn chop and one quart of wheat bran and one pint of oil meal mixed with warm water during the cold weather three times a day, is a good allowance for a cow not giving milk that will come fresh in spring. Cows giving milk should be allowed more bran and corn chop. The usual allowance is three pints of corn chop, two quarts of wheat bran and one pint of oil meal, mixed with a half bushel of equal parts of mixed hay fodder and straw, given three times a day. Coarse fodder should be split and cut fine; some of our milk farmers are using a



Beef Cattle Grazing on Virginia Pasture.

machine that grinds the fodder. Practical feeders estimate that fodder, straw and second quality hay cut fine and mixed with meal, is worth \$8 to \$10 per ton, as there is no waste.

Horses should be fed according to their work. One bushel of cut straw and two quarts of corn chop may be regarded as equivalent to good mixed hay.

If the horses are doing but little work they will do well on this mixture, being given all they will eat up clean. If at steady work give two or three quarts of oats or six to eight ears of corn three times a day in addition.

Sheep should be given a little grain once a day. Have roomy shed and hard, dry earth floor. Wheat straw, mixed hay and corn fodder, fed in moderate amounts, will keep them in thrifty condition.

### IMPACTION IN WORK HORSES

Animals Are Turned Out to Old Straw Stack and Allowed to Shift for Themselves.

By DR. I. E. NEWSON, Colorado Experiment Station.

This is the time of the year when impaction of the bowels is most common to work horses. The animals having little to do are turned out to an old straw stack or coarse alfalfa and allowed to shift for themselves. Owing to the cold weather they drink little water and the coarse food not being properly moistened clogs the intestines. This is more liable to be the case if the teeth are not in first-class condition, for then the food is not finely ground in the mouth. Looking after the teeth and giving an occasional bran mash will materially reduce impactions.

### COMPOSITION OF EWE'S MILK

Different Breeds Show Some Variation in Fat Content—Lamb Needs Good Laxative at First.

An analysis of ewe milk shows it to be very high in fat content. The different breeds show some variation in this regard, and there is a considerable variation in the fatty content of the milk of a single ewe at various times. All ewes give richer milk immediately after the lamb is born than they do later on.

The percentage of fat sometimes runs as high as 11 per cent at this time. Nature made this arrangement, no doubt, because the lamb needs a laxative at first to set its digestive apparatus in motion and free it of feces that have been collecting during its pre-natal growth.

Crop of Lusty Lambs. Proper feed and care will insure a lusty lot of lambs in the spring.

## The Home Group

A carefully selected list of leading periodicals especially prepared for the readers of the HOPKINSVILLE KENTUCKIAN.

### Here is Our Offer to You:

The Hopkinsville Kentuckian 1 Year  
Cincinnati Weekly Enquirer 1 Year  
Boys Magazine, monthly . . 1 Year  
Farm and Fireside, semi-monthly 1 Year  
To-day's Magazine, monthly 1 Year  
Poultry Pointers, monthly . 1 Year

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This astonishing offer is limited and may be withdrawn at anytime without further notice. We therefore advise you to take advantage of it, as you may never again have such an opportunity wherein you can get so much valuable and interesting reading matter for so little money. This is positively one of the biggest and best combination bargains ever presented to the public. You get all your home news, a high class national weekly newspaper, the very best juvenile magazine, the world famous national farm magazine, a leading and influential woman's magazine, and a leading poultry monthly. This is really a home group appealing, instructive and interesting to every member of family. Remember, this offer is good for a short time only. All subscriptions may be new or renewal. If renewal, your time will be extended.

### SUBSCRIBE NOW---TO-DAY

Call or mail all orders to HOPKINSVILLE KENTUCKIAN, Hopkinsville, Kentucky.

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With ample working capital, exceptional collection arrangements, and a thoroughly organized office system this bank has the ability and disposition to extend to its customers every facility warranted by safe, conservation banking.

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## CALIFORNIA EXPOSITION

THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R. WILL SELL TICKETS TO

SAN FRANCISCO and RETURN

Daily March 1 to November 30, 1915, limited 90 days for return, but not later than December 31, 1915, at rate of

\$63.50 FROM HOPKINSVILLE

Stopovers in both directions, choice of routes going and returning THROUGH TOURIST SLEEPER EVERY TUESDAY NIGHT

For full particulars call on T. L. MORROW, I. C. R. R. agent, or address P. W. BARLOW, D. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

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Prompt, Courteous and Efficient Service.

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DR. H. H. CHERRY,  
President Western Kentucky State Normal School, Bowling Green, Ky.

Advertisement.

## HUGH McSHANE PRACTICAL PLUMBER

Tenth and Liberty Sts. Always at your service. Steam and Hot Water Heating. Job Work a Specialty. Phones: Office 950, Residence 1067, Hopkinsville, Ky

If you want business advertise



# THE COMPANY D. CARNIVAL IS A GRAND SUCCESS



Capt. Stites of Co. D and chairman of the committee, under whose auspices the Barkoot shows are playing here this week, expressed himself as greatly pleased with the high character of all the attractions to be seen on the midway and the splendid manner that all are conducted. "It is the biggest and best carnival that has ever been in Hopkinsville," he said, "and I certainly am well pleased that we were able to secure the Barkoot Shows for our Spring Military Carnival."

The show grounds are brilliantly lighted at night with more than

5,000 electric lights, the power for which is obtained from the company's own portable plant, which was purchased by Mr. Barkoot at a cost of \$10,000.

It has been many months since any theatrical or amusement organization of any kind playing in Hopkinsville has given such universal satisfaction, or has been more generally patronized than the Barkoot shows. The many splendid attractions on the midway and the various free acts and games of amusement affords much entertainment for the large crowd of merry-makers that

thronged the grounds Tuesday and Wednesday nights until nearly midnight.

Of the numerous features with the Barkoot shows this year, none has attracted more attention and caused more favorable comment than Angelo Mummolo's Royal Italian band; the Marvelous Melville, who appears twice daily in a free open-air aerial performance; John Henry, the intrepid balloonist, who makes an ascension daily at 4:30 p. m., weather permitting; the Great London Ghost Show, the Plantation Show, consisting of fifteen people;

the Orient, and the large collection of curiosities, novelties and animals in the Mills' Ten-Shows-In-One. More than a thousand admissions were paid to the Oriental show to see La Belle Fatima and her troupe of beautiful Egyptian dancers and Prince Sabba, the magician, whose feats of magic were learned in his native country before coming to America seven years ago. It is a well known fact that the magic art was introduced to the world by the Egyptians many centuries ago. Prince Sabba's father was recognized as a peerless wonder in the

strange and mystifying art, and it was from the latter that he obtained most of his difficult feats. Princess Nayime's execution of the weird and seductive dances of the orient is the perfection of this form of terpsichorean endeavor. Her beauty and grace add much to her wonderful performance.

An added attraction for the season, and which is being used for the first time this week, is one that should appeal strongly to the lovers of sport. It is the Athletic show, introducing to Hopkinsville a refined exhibition of boxing and wrestling

by noted exponents of the arts, the most prominent of whom are Kid Mitchell, of Baltimore; Young Wilder, of Philadelphia, and Red Murray, of Boston. All are in the middle-weight class. Any of these three have issued a challenge to stand during the remainder of the week to any local wrestler or boxer within their weight.

Friday will be children's day at the Military Carnival, all under 12 years of age being admitted to the ground free and to all shows at half price.

## ROBERTS AND OTHERS GUILTY

### Preparations for An Appeal Are Made by Attorneys for Convicted Men.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 7.—Mayor Donn M. Roberts of Terre Haute and all but two of the other twenty-six defendants in the election conspiracy case who were found guilty by a federal jury, had returned to their homes last night to remain until Monday, when they will be sentenced by Judge Anderson. Meanwhile, preparations for an appeal were being made by attorneys for the convicted men.

Severe penalties could be imposed. The possible cumulative punishment under the four counts of the indictment consists of fines totaling \$26,000 and imprisonment for nineteen years.

### Commissioner Ousted.

Commissioner of Corporations Watson was impeached and ousted from office at Oklahoma, City, and the charges are that he failed to repay loans aggregating two thousand dollars, for which he was surety for the members of his family.

### Maysville Closes.

Sales for the season on the Maysville tobacco market which closed Friday were 25,531,670 pounds, which sold for an average of \$8 the hundred pounds.

Sweden annually requires 100,000 bales of American cotton.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only Constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Advertisement.

## PURELY PERSONAL

Ailan M. Wallis is attending Presidency at Madisonville.

Miss Gwynneth Bartley returned to Bowling Green Tuesday to resume her studies at the Western State Normal School.

Miss Elizabeth McGee has gone to Marion for a visit to Mrs. Walter Faulkner.

Mrs. Webb, of Montana, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Adams.

Mrs. Clarence Hinkle and Miss Charline Hinkle, of Evansville, are visiting friends in the city.

H. H. Colyer, of Richmond, a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Auditor, was in the city Tuesday.

### As to Flattery.

J. G. Holland declared that a man whom it is proper to praise cannot be flattered, and the man who can be flattered ought not to be praised. But this is an extreme saying, which ignores a common human weakness and assumes a strength of mind few possess. As great a man as Gladstone was often "morally intoxicated" with flattery; George Eliot did her best work under the unreasoning praise of her husband and the exaggerated praise of his Kitty, who believed him the greatest of men and did not hesitate to tell him so, unquestionably strengthened the erstwhile Irish leader, Parnell, to action, even if it occasionally unsteadied his reason.

### History of Petroleum.

Roumania holds the honor for earliest production of crude petroleum, having put it on the market in 1857. Two years later the United States produced its first petroleum, 2,000 gallons. Italy was a producer the following year, and Canada, within 12 months, entered the field. Russia quickly followed, and for years these countries were the sole producers. Russia is now second only to this country.

### Blindness of the World.

The world which credits what is done is cold to all that might have been.—Tennyson.

In 1840 there were no telegraph lines. In 1912 there were 1,400,000 miles.

## TUBERCULOSIS "REMEDIES" THAT ARE WORTHLESS.

### No Real Cure Possible From Any of the Patent Preparations Investigated By Government Scientist.

Washington, D. C. April.

After investigating under the Food and Drugs Act, a large number of preparations advertised as consumption cures, the Department of Agriculture has not been able to discover any that may in any sense be regarded as "cures" for tuberculosis.

Scam contain drugs that may at times afford some temporary relief from the distressing symptoms of the disease, but this all. Since the passage of federal legislation prohibiting the shipment in interstate commerce of medicinal preparations for which false and fraudulent claims are made, there has been a marked tendency to label these preparations "remedies" instead of "cures" or "infallible cures" as they used to be called. In many cases, however, they can not even be regarded as remedies.

A "cherry balsam," for example for the "cure" of "consumption" and "hemorrhage of the lungs," which it was represented would "strike at the very root of the disease" was found on analysis to be nothing but a solution in water and alcohol of opium, sugar, benzaldehyde, inorganic salts and coloring matter. It contained no cherry bark extract or balsam.

A more elaborate "cure" consisted of five different preparations which the credulous patient was to take separately. These were first, the medicine proper, the essential ingredients of which were found to be morphine, cinchonic acid and arsenic—not a very safe mixture to take habitually; second, a tonic which was supposed to contain iron but did not; third, a "cough mixture" made up of alcohol, chloroform, and codeine which is a derivative of opium or morphine; fourth a mixture which contained some quinine, and a solution of water and fifth, codeine tablets. Even the strongest constitution could hardly stand a course of such a treatment.

In the marketing of such preparations considerable ingenuity is frequently shown. One of the main objects is to persuade the patient at comparatively low price, the individual attention of a trained specialist. For this purpose, symptoms blanks are employed. These contain a number of questions about the patient's symptoms, the number varying from a dozen or so to as many as 70 or 80. The patient is led to believe that the information which he furnishes in reply to these questions, will be carefully considered before any medicine is prescribed for him, though every physician knows that an accurate diagnosis cannot possibly be made in this way. As a matter of fact none is attempted and the degree of attention which these individual reports receive can be measured by the fact that cases have come under the observation of the department in which mail order concerns doing a business of this kind have received as many as 4,000

letters a day.

After the patient has submitted his "diagnosis report" he is then urged to purchase more. If he states that he has experienced no beneficial effects he is told that he has not taken enough, and this process is likely to continue until the limits of his credulity have been reached. If, on the other hand, he decides at the beginning not to purchase the medicine it is likely to be offered to him at successively lower prices until he is at last induced to believe that he cannot afford to ignore such a bargain. This is carried to such an extent that a "treatment," the original price of which is \$25, may be offered at the end of six months for \$2.50.

As a matter of fact the successful treatment of tuberculosis requires much more than the mere giving of medicine and, moreover, what will help one case will not necessarily help another. Claims that are absolutely unwarranted are no longer permitted on the labels of medicine shipped in interstate commerce, but the wording may be such as to convey a misleading impression, without the use of absolute statements. Thus preparations continue to find a sale despite the fact that a little trouble on the part of the prospective purchaser will reveal their worthlessness.

### Reuben Miller.

We note in the current dispatches the serious illness of Judge Reuben A. Miller, of Owensboro. The dispatches indicate that he is probably on his death bed.

Judge Miller bears the unique distinction of being the only man who resigned a political office and started out without any particular prospects.

After Dick Tate defaulted and skipped to the boundless General Assembly, locking the stable after the horse had been stolen, created the office of State Inspector and Examiner. General Simon Bolivar Buckner, who was Governor at the time, appointed Reuben A. Miller, at that time a young lawyer of Hawesville, to the place. There was plenty of work in it, and good pay, but it never appealed to Judge Miller, because he had to investigate into and report on the frailties of his fellowmen.

After a short time of official service, he voluntarily resigned and went to Owensboro and entered the practice of law, where one of the strongest bars of the State then resided. It was not long before he made his influence felt, and he was employed in most of the important cases. That he did not become a rich man was largely due to the fact that he was a poor fee collector.

He is a man of the highest sense of honor, and an ornament to the profession to which he belongs. We hope the reports have been exaggerated, and that he may yet be spared many years to his state and city.—B. G. Messenger.

### Infantile Paralysis.

A famous German physician proves that infantile paralysis is often carried from one household to another by domestic animals, such as chickens, ducks and cows.

Carter Harrison seems to be the only Democrat who can be elected in Chicago.

## MRS. HOUSEKEEPER

The following cash prices good for the remainder of this week are sure to be very interesting reading to the careful buyer.

1 lb. Can Calumet Baking Powder 18c or 2 cans for.....	35c
4 Cakes Swift's Pride Soap.....	15c
3 Cans Van Camps Soup 25c, 1 doz. cans 95c, or 1 case 4 doz. cans.....	\$3.70
2 Cans Sifted Peas.....	25c
1 Galvanized Bucket.....	15c
6 Boxes Matches.....	25c
2 Boxes Fernel Oats.....	25c
2 10c Boxes Borax.....	15c
2 No. 3 cans Asparagus 45c or 1 for.....	25c
1 Can Hart Brand Peaches 15c, 1 doz. cans \$1.75 or 1 case 2 doz. cans.....	\$3.45
1 Box 3 Cakes Lana Oil Complexion Soap.....	25c
2 Cans Vegetables for soup.....	25c
4 Boxes Spurlock No. 5 Bluing.....	15c
1 Box (3 Cakes) Glycerine Boquet Soap.....	10c
1 Bottle Heinz Mixed Pickles.....	15c
3 Cans Dana Sweet Corn 25c, 1 doz. cans 90c or 1 case 2 doz. cans.....	\$1.70
1 Galvanized Wash Tub.....	35c
2 One Pint Tin Cups.....	05c
6 Cans Van Camp's Milk.....	25c
3 Cans No. 2 Tomatoes 25c, 1 doz. cans 95c, or 1 case 2 doz. cans.....	\$1.85
4 Cakes Wild Rose Toilet Soap.....	15c
2 Cans Grated Pine Apple.....	25c
2 Cans Heinz Pork & Beans.....	25c
1 Bottle Eagle Pepper Sauce.....	10c
3 Boxes Prize De Hener Blacking.....	10c
2 Cans No. 2 Van Camp's Pork & Beans 25c, 1 doz. cans \$1.45, or 1 case, 2 doz. cans.....	\$2.85
3 Boxes Webb's Jello.....	25c

We will appreciate your business. See Our Show Windows.

## W. T. COOPER & CO.

### Prominent Attorney Ill.

Owensboro, Ky., April 6.—Reuben A. Miller, one of the best known attorneys of Kentucky, is desperately ill at his home in Owensboro. He is unconscious and it is not expected that he will survive many hours.

### Ninth Time.

The third trial of Dr. B. Clark Hyde, charged with the murder of Thomas H. Swope, was continued for the ninth time yesterday at Kansas City, Mo.

### Mighty Man.

Roy Bertiam, a drunken man at Muncey, Ind., struck Marshal Will Eaton with his fist, while resisting arrest, and killed him with the blow.

### St. Louis Republican.

St. Louis, Apr. 7.—The entire republican ticket of twenty-eight alderman, led by A. R. Frederick for chairman of the board was elected here today by a plurality estimated at 25,000.

We have a few good Second Hand Corn Planters for sale. F. A. YOST CO., Incorporated.

### Drys Make Gains.

Michigan voted on 16 counties on prohibition and 14 went dry. Drys made many gains in Illinois.

British labor exchanges in 1914 found work for 1,100,000 persons

## FOR SALE!

POLAND CHINAS—2 boars, one nine-months-old, weight about 250 lbs.—\$25.00; one 4-months pig, weight 100 lbs.—\$10.00. Both pure bred and medium type and guaranteed to be breeders. See them at Grange Sale Friday, April 9th.

SOUTH DOWNS—2 bucks, one 3 years old, other a yearling, both in fine condition and show prospects. Price of former \$20.00. Price of latter \$12.50. Both guaranteed. Will be seen at Grange Sale.

POLLED DURHAMS—One 7 months bull calf, registered and a blocky type individual. Price \$100.00. Guaranteed to be a breeder. Will also be at Grange Sale.

## R. H. McGaughey,

Hopkinsville, Ky., R. 4 or Herndon, Ky., R. 1.

## VICK'S Croup and Pneumonia SALVE

## SCHMIDT SHOP HARNESS

Leather Work of All Kinds

## J. J. DELKER BUGGIES

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